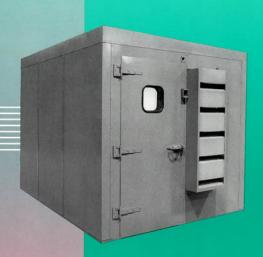
AEROACOUSTIC*



Silentroom®

ACOUSTIC ENCLOSURES AND PORTABLE PERSONNEL ROOMS





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INTRODUCTION

In modern production facilities, noise control is more of a concern now than ever before. As OSHA, state, and local regulations become stricter, manufacturers must modify their facilities to meet these requirements. The most fundamental approach to noise reduction in a plant is to erect a wall between the noise source and the receiver in one of the following ways:

- 1. an enclosure around the noise source or equipment
- 2. an enclosure around the receiver or employee
- 3. a barrier between the noise source and the receiver

The manufacturer must weigh the cost of an enclosure versus the production cost, maintenance cost, energy consumption and employee safety. The AEROACOUSTIC Corp. ofters a line of acoustic panels for construction of barriers, partial enclosures and complete enclosures to solve these noise problems. The standard model 3P and 4P Sitenteem* acoustic panels for normal temperature applications are of longue and groove construction for east essembly and disassembly. All enclosures are factory assembled and marked for ease of field installation. Each enclosure is supplied with the necessary panels, mullions, floor channels, safing piaces, joint insulation, acoustical sealant, screwboblos (anchors by others), installation instructions and drawings to properly install an AEROACOUSTIC Sitenteem*. There is no limitation to the size or configuration of the enclosure. Each one is custom designed to the enclosure is supports are designed accordingly to handle the loading. A Sitenteem* enclosure can be designed to handle almost any static and/or dynamic loading. This builetin supplies information to select and custom design an enclosure to solve your noise problems. If a barrier alone will handle the required noise reduction, please refer to our bulletin B-234 - Sound Barrier Technology, Please contact the AEROACOUSTIC Engineering Department for any assistance required noise surficed in designing or pricing an acoustic enclosure.

HISTORY OF Silentroom® ACOUSTIC ENCLOSURES

30 YEARS AGO: The AEROACOUSTIC Corp. designed and built the first series of Sidentoom® acoustic enclosure and personnel rooms. They were widely accepted as the standard acoustic rooms in the industry. As the years passed, The AEROACOUSTIC Corp. continually improved the Sidentoom® design always keeping up with the latest in acoustic theories, materials and applications.

20 YEARS AGO: The AEROACOUSTIC Cop. introduced the Sitentroom® high temperature enclosure for the gas turbine and jet engine industry. This specific Sitentroom® HT is designed to operate at temperatures up to 1000 F and has been in major jet engine test facilities for over 20 years.

10 YEARS AGC: The AEROACOUSTIC Corp. introduced the Sidenteeme* 4PHT panel system. The primary purpose of this panel was to acoustically line the internal chamber of jet engine test cells, gas turbine exhaust plenums and gas/steam blowoff sillencers. This panel was designed to achieve a high transision loss and sound absorption coefficient and was certified by an independent testing laboratory. The model 4P/4PHT is so efficient with regard to its sound absorption that acoustic consultants seed/by the panel as much for sound absorption as for sound termission.

TODAY: The AEROACOUSTIC Corp. acoustic design laboratory has developed and independently certified their most outstanding Sound Transmission Coefficients (STO) and Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC). Our new Silventies 3P. 4P & 6P panels are our most innovative and up to date panels on the market. Due to the fact that our original Silventies panel systems were designed for the most severe acoustic applications and harsh operating conditions, the new redesigned panels will handle the less severe applications such as fans, blowers and compressors with far better acoustic results than before.

TOMORROW: The AEROACOUSTIC Corp.'s Research and Development Department has its goals set for the 21st century. The time and performance proven Scienceses designs will be in the forefront of acoustic technology with our assurance and guarantee of constant improvement as new technology develops. The AEROACOUSTIC Corp., Scienceses and all our products are a result of American Ingenuity, design, construction, materials and technology.

Silentroom® ACOUSTIC PANEL CONSTRUCTION

monne	MODEL 3P THIS SERIES PERLOS THE PREVIOUS MODEL 2P AND ADDRESSES THE SEN HAD EUROPEAN MAINST. WHICH REQUIRES A TOWN PANIL. THE APPLICATION FROM THE PROPERTY OF	Mononal (MODEL 4P THIS SERIES IS THE MOISTRY STANDARD PANEL WHICH SATISFIES THE MOISE REDUCTION AND SOURN ASSORPTION FOR ALMOST ALL MOSTIMUL PRATITIONS AND SOUND BARRIESTS. THE MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION NOCLUBE A 16 GASE SOLID BACK CONTED WITH A WOOGLASTIC FAM FOR PORTIONS RETRICAL FILL AND A 22 GAME PERFORMATED INTERIOR. AVERAGE WEIGHT PER SOURE FOOT IS 7.0 LBS
MMM	MODEL 4PHS THIS SERIES IS USED WHERE MANUAL EYTERIOR NOISE REDUCTION AND NO INTERIOR SCUND ASSORPTION IS REQUIRED. THE USE OF THIS PANEL INCLUDES RING COLOSINES. PARTITIONS. SOUND GAMBERS AND THEMMAL PLEAMAS. THE MATERIALS EXTERNO SUPPLICATIONS. EXTERNO SUPPLICATIONS. FILL AND AN 18 GAGE INTERIOR SURFACE.		MODEL 6P THIS SERIES IS DESIGNED FOR USE IN THE MOST SEVERE ACQUISTIC ENVIRONMENTS PROVIDING A HIGH NOISE REDUCTION WITH THE ADDITION OF SOUND ABSORPTION. THE PARSES ARE USED FOR FOR EXCEPTIONALY NOISY EQUIPMENT. THE MATERIALS FOR CONSTRUCTION MEDICAL PLAN MATERIALS FOR CONSTRUCTION MEDICAL SOLID EXTERIOR SURFACE. SIX INCHES OF ACQUISTOLS ITAL. A SOLID SERIEM SHEET AND A 20 GAGE PERFORANCE NYERROR SURFACE.

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION

AVERAGE WEIGHT PER SQUARE FOOT IS 8.5 LBS

AVERAGE WEIGHT PER SQUARE FOOT IS 7.5 LBS

The exterior surface, internal channels and interior surface of the panels are of galvanized construction with a 3# Owens-Coming 703 resin-bonded fiberglass acoustic fill. The fill is inert, vermin and moisture proof and has a flame spread classification of 15 and a smoke development rating of 0. The panels are available in any width and height equal to or less than 60° wide by 144° long.

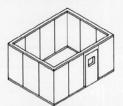
ALTERNATE CONSTRUCTION

When a painted surface is required, the panels are constructed of galvanneal. Galvannealed sheets are coated by a special process and then hear treated after coating to produce a zinc-iron alloy and eliminate the spangle. The panel can be painted without surface preparation other than normal cleaning. For applications in the chemical, pharmaceutical and/or food industry, the panels can be constructed of T-304 or T-316 stainless steel. Also, the accustic fill in the panel can be wrapped with a protective layer of mylar to prevent contamination of the fill.

HI-TEMP CONSTRUCTION

When the temperature of the application is above 400°, the standard construction is not applicable. The panels can be constructed of either hot-rolled steel or 7-409 stainless steel with a 6# US Gypsum mineral wool blanket acoustic fill and layer of glass cloth. If the panels are constructed of hot-rolled steel, they will be coated inside and out with a hi-temp aluminum silicone enamel. Either construction can withstand temperatures up to 1000°.

OPEN-TOP ENCLOSURE



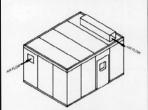
10-15dB REDUCTION

THE AEROACOUSTIC OPEN-TOP ENCLOSURE IS CONSTRUCTED WITH A 3P OR 4P PANEL TEN FEET HIGH. THE ENCLOSURE CAN BE RAISED OFF THE GROUND FOR AMPLE VENTILATION. THE OPEN-TOP BNCLOSURE WILL ADEQUATELY SILENCE MOST MACHINERY IN THE 90-100 dBA RANGE

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- ROTARY BLOWERS WITH INLET AND OUTLET SILENCERS
- SMALL PUNCH PRESS
- SCREW MACHINES COMPRESSORS WITH IN ET SIL ENCERS
- BOILER FEED PUMP SMALL FANS WITH INLET SILENCERS

COMPLETE 3P ENCLOSURE



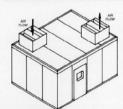
15-20dB REDUCTION

THE AEROACOUSTIC SIGNATURE CAN BE CONSTRUCTED OF 3P PANELS FOR LESS DEMANDING NOISE REQUIREMENTS. VENTILATION SYSTEMS, WHICH AND FACTORY INSTALLED, ARE DESIGNED FOR AN ARE CHANGE EVERY TWO MINUTES. INLET AND OUTLET SILENCERS ARE BUILT, INTO THE PANEL TO FACULTATE. QUICK ASSEMBLY AND PROVIDE A STREAM-LINED COMPACT ENCLOSURE

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS:

- ORANI II ATORS
- WIDE CTRANDED WOODWORKING MACHINES

COMPLETE 4P ENCLOSURE



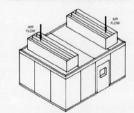
20-25dB REDUCTION

A COMPLETE ENCLOSURE IS USED TO DEAL WITH MORE A COMPLETE ENCLOSURE IS USED TO DEAL WITH MORE DIFFICULT NOISE PROBLESS WITH LARGER MACHINERY. THE AEROACOUSTIC SECURIORY IS CONSTRUCTED OF OUR 4P PANELS WITH A HEAVY DUTY VERTILATION SYSTEM FOR THE HEMOVAL OF GENERATED HEAT. THE VENTILATION SYSTEM MICLIDES A VANEAXIAL FAM. TRANSITION PIECE AND WALL OR **ROOF-MOUNTED INLET AND OUTLET SILENCERS**

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS:

- ROOTS BLOWER
- MECHANICAL SPEED REDUCER SURFACE GRINDER

COMPLETE 4P ENCLOSURE

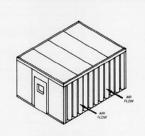


25-30dB REDUCTION

NOTHER IDEAL INSTALLATION FOR THE AEROACOUSTIC Sidenteems IS A COMPLETE ENCLOSURE FOR OPEN INLET FANS AND COMPRESSORS, SILENCERS CAN BE ROOF OR WALL MOUNTED

APPLICATIONS OF AEROACOUSTIC Silentroom® ENCLOSURES

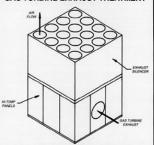
TOTALLY ENCLOSED FAN ROOM



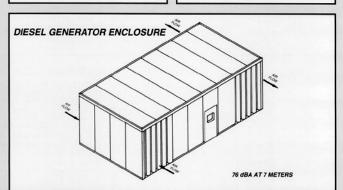
25-30dB REDUCTION

FOR MULTIPLE OPEN INLET FANS OR INSTALLATIONS WHERE FOOF MOUNTED SILENCERS ARE NOT PRACTICAL, A TOTALLY ENCLOSED FAN ROOM CAN BE INSTALLED FOR A 25 JOBS REDUCTION. WITHIN THIS ENCLOSURE, AN ENTIRE WALL IS UTILIZED FOR SILENCING THE ARI

GAS TURBINE EXHAUST TREATMENT



AEROACOUSTIC PANELS CAN BE DESIGNED FOR HIGH TEMPERATURE APPLICATIONS. THE SIGNETIME CAS TURBINE EXHAUST SUENCER HAS A DIFFUSEW HIGH DISTRIBUTES THE EXHAUST GAS INTO A PLENUM COMMERS REFORE GOING INTO THE SLENCER SECTION. THIS PLENUM IS CONSTRUCTED OF "THICK PANELS DESIGNED TO WITHSTAND THE 100", THUS TEMPERATURE ASSOCIATED WITH GAS TURBINE EXHAUST, FOR MORE CEPTALURE ASSOCIATED WITH GAS TURBINE EXHAUST, FOR MORE CEPTALURE ASSOCIATED WITH GAS TURBINE EXHAUST.



THE REPOLACIONS C Educations ACOUNTIC ENCLOSURE IS A FIREAMENTAL COMPONENT OF OUR DIESS. EXPERATOR ENCLOSURE SYSTEM IN SOMEWISE OF AN ARRANGOUNTS EDUCATION AND SOMEWISE AND REPOLACION SOMEWISE OF AN EXPERIMENTAL SOMEWISE OF AN EXPERIMENTAL PROPERTY OF A STEAM FOR A STEAM FOR A PROPERTY OF A STEAM FOR A ST

TABLE 1 TRANSMISSION LOSS OF Silentroom® ACOUSTIC PANELS

Performance Certified by two (2) Independent Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratories in accordance with ASTM E90-90 and E413-87 Test Standards.

1/1 OCTAVE BAND	FREQUENCY HZ	1	63†			125		12.7	250			500			1000		163	2000			4000		100	8000f		
1/3 OCTAVE BAND	FREQUENCY NZ	50	63	80	100	125	160	200	250	315	400	500	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3150	4000	5000	6300	8000	1000	
WCDEL	STC										SOUND	TRANS	MISSI	W LOSS	S IN DEC	DEFLS										
3P. 3PHT	40		21		M	22			27			38			46			55	o)		61		61			
PANEL	40	-			26	21	24	24	28	31	36	39	41	44	47	51	53	55	58	60	62	62				
49.4997	100000		22		0000	24			31			42	1 80		52		1	61			66			66		
PANEL	44				24	23	24	28	31	26	40	43	47	50	53	57	60	61	63	66	66	65				
4P WINDOW	42		22			25			30		1116	42			51			59			65			65	П	
PANEL	40	-			25	24	27	27	31	35	39	41	46	49	52	54	57	59	61	64	65	65			ŀ	
4PHS1	53		22			29			40			53			60			61			68			66		
PANEL	33				29	29	30	36	45	47	50	53	58	69	60	59	60	61	62	65	66	68			Ī	
4PHS WINDOW		NNOOW 48		23			27			40			53			60			61			66			66	_
PANEL	40				29	24	30	36	45	47	50	53	58	59	60	59	60	61	62	65	66	68				
4PHS DOOR	41		23	GI		28	79:11		38		0.3	44			53	-		56			64			64		
PANEL	49				26	28	33	38	38	37	41	45	48	52	53	53	54	56	60	63	64	64				
BP, BPHT	55		22			31			44			57			62			66			71			71		
PANEL	20				28	31	36	41	46	50	55	57	60	61	62	63	65	65	67	70	29	24			$\overline{}$	

^{† -} ESTIMATED VALUES PROVIDED FOR ACQUISTIC CALCULATIONS STC - SCUND TRANSMISSION CLASS

TABLE 2 SOUND ABSORPTION COEFFICIENT OF Scientroom® ACOUSTIC PANELS

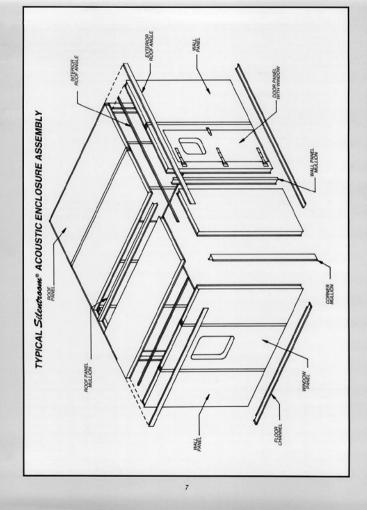
Performance Certified by two (2) Independent Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratories in accordance with ASTM C423-90a and E795-91 Test Standards.

1/1 OCTAVE BAN	D FREQUENCY HZ		63†			125			250		40	500			1000			2000			4000		. 8	8000f							
1/3 OCTAVE BAN	D FREQUENCY HZ	50	63	80	100	125	160	200	250	315	400	500	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3150	4000	5000	6300	8000	10						
MODEL	NRC									SOL	/ND ASS	SCRPTI	ION COE	TROVER	YT IN SA	BINISC) FT								_						
32	1.10		0.32			0.45			0.96			1.25	25 1.06			1.07			1.03		.082										
PANEL	7.10			-	0.27	0.45	0.52	0.69	0.96	1.12	1.28	1.25	1,14	1.11	1.06	1.08	1.06	1.07	1.06	1.08	1.03	1.05			Γ						
3PHT	1.10		0.25			0.35			1.11			1.17 1.00			1.17			1.17			1.06			1.00			1.02	7	0.82		Ī
PANEL	7.10				0.43	0.35	0.66	1.03	1.11	1.20	1.20	1.17	1.11	1.09	1.06	1.05	1.03	1.00	1.02	1.00	1.02	1.04			Γ						
49	1.15		0.47			0.67			1.27			1.20			1.00			1.04			1.04			0.83	-						
PANEL	1.12		٠		0.42	0.67	0.90	1.24	1.27	1.27	1.24	1.20	1.13	1.10	1.08	1.06	1.03	1.04	1.05	1.02	1.04	1.06			Γ						
4PHT	1.05		0.55			0.78			0.78			1 1.10 1.08 1.05 1.03				1.03		7	0.89		0.										
PANEL	1.40	-	+	-	0.64	0.78	0.99	1.19	1.10	1.12	1.16	1.08	1.08	1.07	1.05	1.04	1.04			Γ											
4PHS					58						36																				
PANEL		*																							Γ						
6P	0.06		0.26			0.37			0.80			1.06			1.00			0.99		0.97			0.78								
PAMEL	0.95				0.58	0.37	0.37	0.52	0.80	1.08	1.10	1.06	1.06	1.03	1.00	1.05	1.02	0.99	1.05	0.99	0.97	1.00		+	Γ						
6FHT†	0.90		0.17		2.4	0.24			0.68			0.07	8 8		1.00			0.99			0.52			0.74	-						
PANEL	0.90				0.38	0.24	0.25	0.44	0.68	0.92	1.01	0.97	0.98	1 02	1.00	104	1.00	0.00	101	0.02	0.02	201			П						

^{* -} ABSORPTION COEFFICIENTS ARE NOT AVAILABLE FOR A PANEL WITH SOLID SHEETS ON BOTH SIDES

NRC - NOISE REDUCTION COEFFICIENT

^{† -} ESTIMATED VALUES PROVIDED FOR ACOUSTIC CALCULATIONS



Silentroom® DESIGN AND PERFORMANCE

Ac ctated proviously, an anclocure can be decigned to isolate the equipment or the employee. A relatively sme enclosure which isolates the employee from the noise source(s) is often more cost effective than to enclose large or numerous pieces of equipment. The enclosure also serves as protection against a harsh working environment. However, the interaction of the employee with the equipment must be taken into consideration. The enclosure middecrease production or affect the safety of the employee. The other choice is to isolate the noise source with a complete Sidentesses acoustical enclosure. This approach has the greatest noise reduction potential of all possible noise abatement solutions. In general, there is no inherent disadvantage in an enclosure except for the initial cost of installation. However, the most important factor is to properly design the room for the specific requirements of the equipment and the employee. The following ortheria must be taken into consideration when designing enclosure:

- 1. Accessibility for production and maintenance
- 2. Access doors for controls, personnel or equipment
- Proper ventilation to prevent heat build-up
 Viewing or observation windows
- 5. Power supply to equipment/receptacles
- 6. Lighting requirements standard/explosion-proof
- 7. Enclosure with floor and/or vibration isolators
- 8. Penetrations A. intake duct / in-feed
 - B. discharge duct / out-feed
 - C. conduit / piping
 - D. ventilation / silencers

An equipment enclosure can be divided into two cases:

Case I: close-fitting - a close fitting enclosure is described as a room with a wall within one source dimension from the noise source. The basic idea of this application is that the acoustic enclosure and the equipment must be considered as a dynamically coupled vibrating system. This can greatly modify the amount of sound power radiated by the noise source. Because of this result, a safety factor of 10 should be used in the following insertion loss calculations.

Case II: large-room - a large-room enclosure is described as a room with a wall greater than one source dimension from the noise source. The concept behind the large enclosure is to create a diffuse sound field within the air space between the noise source and the walls. A safety factor of 5 should be used in the following insertion loss calculations.

The expected insertion loss of an enclosure can be approximated by the following equation:

 $IL = TL + 10log(\alpha) - SF$

where: IL = insertion loss (per octave band)

TL = transmission loss of acoustic panel from Table 1

a = sound absorption coefficient of acoustic panel from Table 2

SF = safety factor (stated above)

TABLE 3
INSERTION LOSS OF Silentroom® ENCLOSURE

OCTAVE BAND CEN	ITER FREQUENCY HZ	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000
MODEL	APPLICATION		1/2		INSER	TION LOSS IN DE	CIBELS		
3P, 3PHT	CASE I	6	10	17	29	30	45	51	50
	CASE II	11	15	22	34	41	50	56	55
4P, 4PHT	CASE I	8	11	21	32	41	50	55	54
4,4,,,,	CASE II	13	16	26	37	46	55	60	59
4PHS	CASE I	12	19	30	43	50	51	56	56
	CASE II	17	24	35	48	.55	56	61	61
6P. 6PHT	CASEI	6	16	32	46	51	55	60	59
	CASE II	11	21	37	51	56	60	65	64

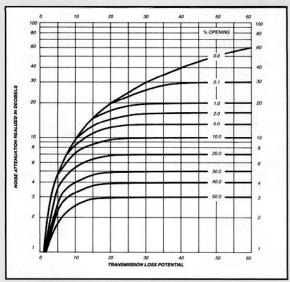
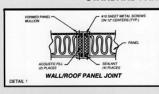
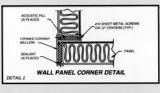


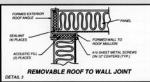
Fig. 1 Realized attenuation versus percentage of open surface area

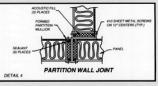
The insertion losses listed in Table 3 are based upon a complete acoustic enclosure around a noise source with minimum leakage and a hard surface floor. The attenuation of an enclosure is highly dependent on leakage paths that allow the sound to bypass the walls of the enclosure. The importance of leakage is illustrated in Fig. 1 which describes the relationship of percentage of the enclosure open surface area versus the available attenuation. A leakage of only 1%, of the enclosure surface area, limits the available attenuation to 20 dB. There must be no leaks if the noise is to be contained within the enclosure. Also, all access doors must have properly fitted seals and handles so as to provide an aimly the enclosure. Also, all access doors must have properly fitted seals and handles so as to provide an aimly the end. If a complete enclosure requires a ventilation system, the intake and discharge openings must have the same attenuation as the enclosure. Comparable attenuation is accomplished by use of lined labytinfl duct or absorptive baffle silencers. The example shown on the previous page is an approximation of the enclosures performance and is accurate enough for most applications. For a more complicated installation, the complete application details should be forested to the AEFOACOUSTIC Engineering Department to determine the proper panel system and accessories required to meet the specified noise reduction.

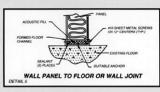
STANDARD PANEL CONNECTIONS *

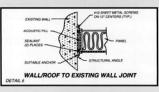


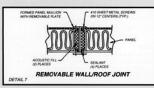


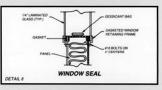


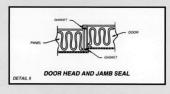


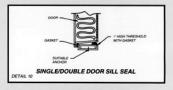












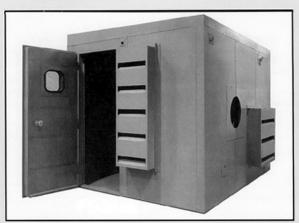
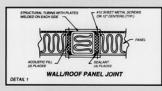


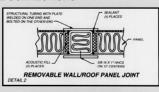
Fig. 2 Complete acoustic enclosure with personnel door, penetrations and ventilation system with acoustic louvers.

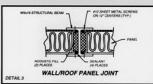


Fig. 3 Portable personnel room with personnel doors, observation windows and air conditioning.

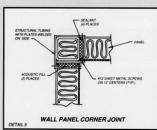
STRUCTURAL PANEL CONNECTIONS *

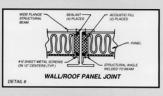


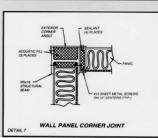


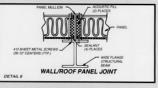


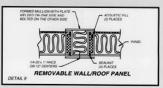












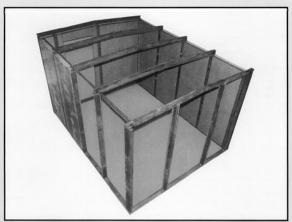


Fig. 4 Tubular steel framework for acoustic enclosure with all wall and roof panels to be removable



Fig. 5 Complete acoustic enclosure designed for 100 mph wind load with all wall and roof panels removable, tubular steel framework, sloped roof and acoustic louvers for air intake

ACCESS DOORS

The Silentroom® enclosures can be furnished with a wide variety of personnel. equipment and access doors. The standard single door has been certified by an independent testing laboratory for sound transmission loss. The single personnel door is 34" wide by 80" high clear and the double equipment door is 72" wide by 80" high clear. The door's thickness and construction is typical to the panel as to maintain the acoustic integrity of the enclosure. The standard door hardware includes a zinc-plated positive pressure latch with an adjustable strike (Fig. 6), an inside push-rod release, three triple-layered zinc-plated strap hinges (Fig. 7), and a dcuble silicone rubber seal around the perimeter of the door and frame. The doors are also available with a 16" wide by 20" high double-pane 1/4" laminated safety glass viewing window. All Silentroom® door panels are shipped complete with the door factory mounted in the panel. Special door sizes, hardware and window sizes are available upon request.



Fig. 6 Standard Door Latch



Standard Strap



Hinge

PENETRATIONS

In most enclosure installations, there are one or more penetrations in the walls or ceiling to accommodate conduit, piping, ductwork, silencers or equipment entering or exiting the room. Any number of types of penetrations can be supplied: round or rectangular, split, sleeved or threaded. The location of the penetration is critical with respect to erection of the enclosure.

Split - The normal practice is to use a split penetration which is located on the joint of two panels. Each panel will have a cutout and straddle the object which is entering the room. Once the panels are installed, the opening around the object must be properly safed off to maintain the acoustic integrity of the enclosure. The required safing pieces, self-tapping screws, acoustic sealant and loose acoustic fill are supplied with the room. To install the interior safing pieces, pack the voids with the acoustic fill, install the external safing pieces and caulk the joints with the acoustic sealant. From a maintenance stand point, this type of penetration is the most efficient because the panels may be removed without disconnecting the object. (Fig. 8)

Sleeved - A sleeve can be installed permanently in the panel to allow conduit, piping or ductwork to penetrate the panel. The sleeve is supplied with minimum clearance and all gaps must be sealed after installation. However, the panel cannot be removed without disconnecting the object which penetrates the panel.

Threaded - A threaded nipple can be installed directly in the panel to allow conduit or piping to enter/exit the room. As with the sleeved penetration, the panel cannot be removed without first disconnecting the conduit/piping. (Fig. 9)

If a penetration is required after fabrication and installation of an enclosure, a complete penetration kit is available from The AEROACOUSTIC Corp. The kit includes an internal acoustic collar, external safing pieces, channels, acoustic fill. acoustic sealant, self-tapping screws and instructions to properly install the penetration kit.



Fig. 8 Split Penetration



Fig. 9 Threaded Penetration



Fig. 10 Viewing window with extruded neoprene seal



Fig. 11 Observation window with flanged and aasketed seal

VIEWING WINDOWS

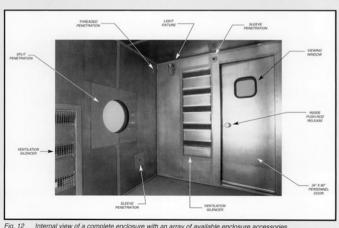
The AEROACOUSTIC Corp. offers two standard window sizes for the Scientrages enclosures which have been certified by an independent testing laboratory for sound transmission loss. The small viewing window is 16" wide by 20" high (Fig. 10) and the large observation window is 28" wide by 36" high (Fig. 11). Both window sizes are constructed of double-pane 1/4" laminated safety class held in place by a frame and silicone rubber gasket. Each window has a desiccant bag installed between the two panes of glass to prevent internal fogging of the windows. Special window sizes are available upon request; however, square window sizes are not recommended due to acoustical properties.

VENTILATION

The Silentroom® enclosures can be supplied with several different variations of ventilation systems. The standard system consists of a fan, an inlet silencer and a discharge silencer. The silencers are used to maintain the acoustic integrity of the room. In a personnel or control room, the required CFM is based upon an air change every two minutes. In an equipment room, the required CFM is based upon the type of equipment and how much heat is being generated which has to be removed. An improperly designed ventilation system could cause serious damage to the motor, fan, compressor or whatever equipment is in the room. Please consult The AEROACOUSTIC Corp. Engineering Department for assistance in designing a ventilation system for an enclosure.

ACCESSORIES

The enclosures can also be supplied with a floor, vibration isolators, lighting, power receptacles or air conditioning. If any of these items are required, please contact our Engineering Department for assistance in design and pricing.



Internal view of a complete enclosure with an array of available enclosure accessories.

OTHER BULLETINS AVAILABLE FROM THE AEROACOUSTIC CORP.

How to Select Industrial Silencers

How to Silence Your fan

Silentflow® Splitter Silencers

Silentflow® Louvers

Silentflow® Vaneaxial Silencers

Blowoff Silencers

Silentstack™ Stack Stuffer Silencers

Sound Barrier Technology

Silentflow® Electric Motor Silencers

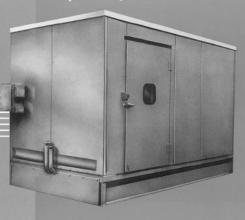
Silentroom® Enclosures for Diesel Powered Equipment

How to Silence Your Small Gas Turbine

Silentflow® Gas Turbine Exhaust Silencing Equipment

Silentjet™ Acoustical Sound Treatment for Jet Engine Test Cells

Silentflow® Rectangular Duct Silencers



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